



ASTEROIDES: FASCÍNIO E PERIGO

Motivação

ASTEROID DAY

30 JUNE

- Tecnologia para detecção de asteroides próximos
- Meta: 100 mil asteroides/ano.
- Dia para conscientização e esforço para prevenção de impactos.



O que são?



Nem cometa, nem planeta.



Nem cometa, nem planeta.



- Níquel, ferro, silicato, basalto, gelo...



Nem cometa, nem planeta.



- Níquel, ferro, silicato, basalto, gelo...
- Planetoides, planetas menores.

Linha do tempo

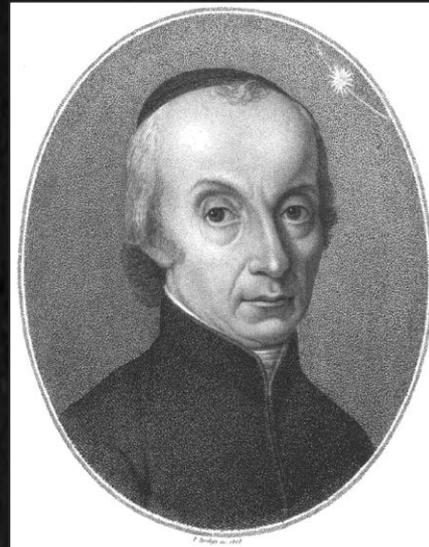
1 CERES: o primeiro (1801)



Ceres (Dawn/2015)

Lei de Titius-Bode:

0,4 0,7 1,0 1,6 2,8 5,2 10,0



Giuseppe Piazzi



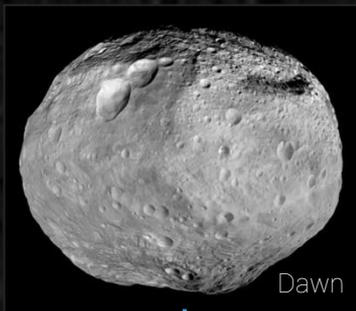
Carl Friedrich Gauss

2Pallas



Hubble

4Vesta



Dawn

6Hebe



VLT

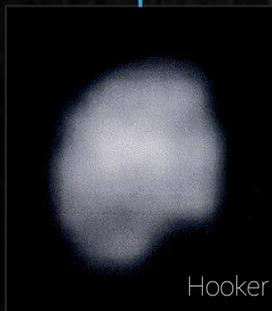
1804

1845

1802

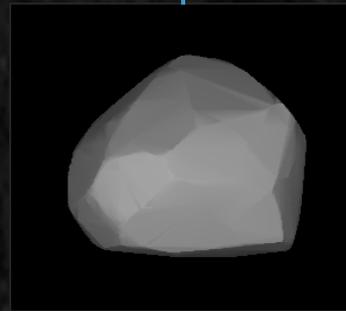
1807

1847



Hooker

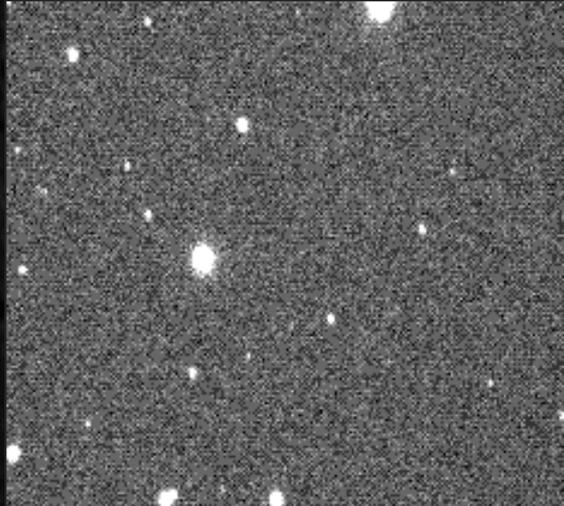
3Juno



5Astraea

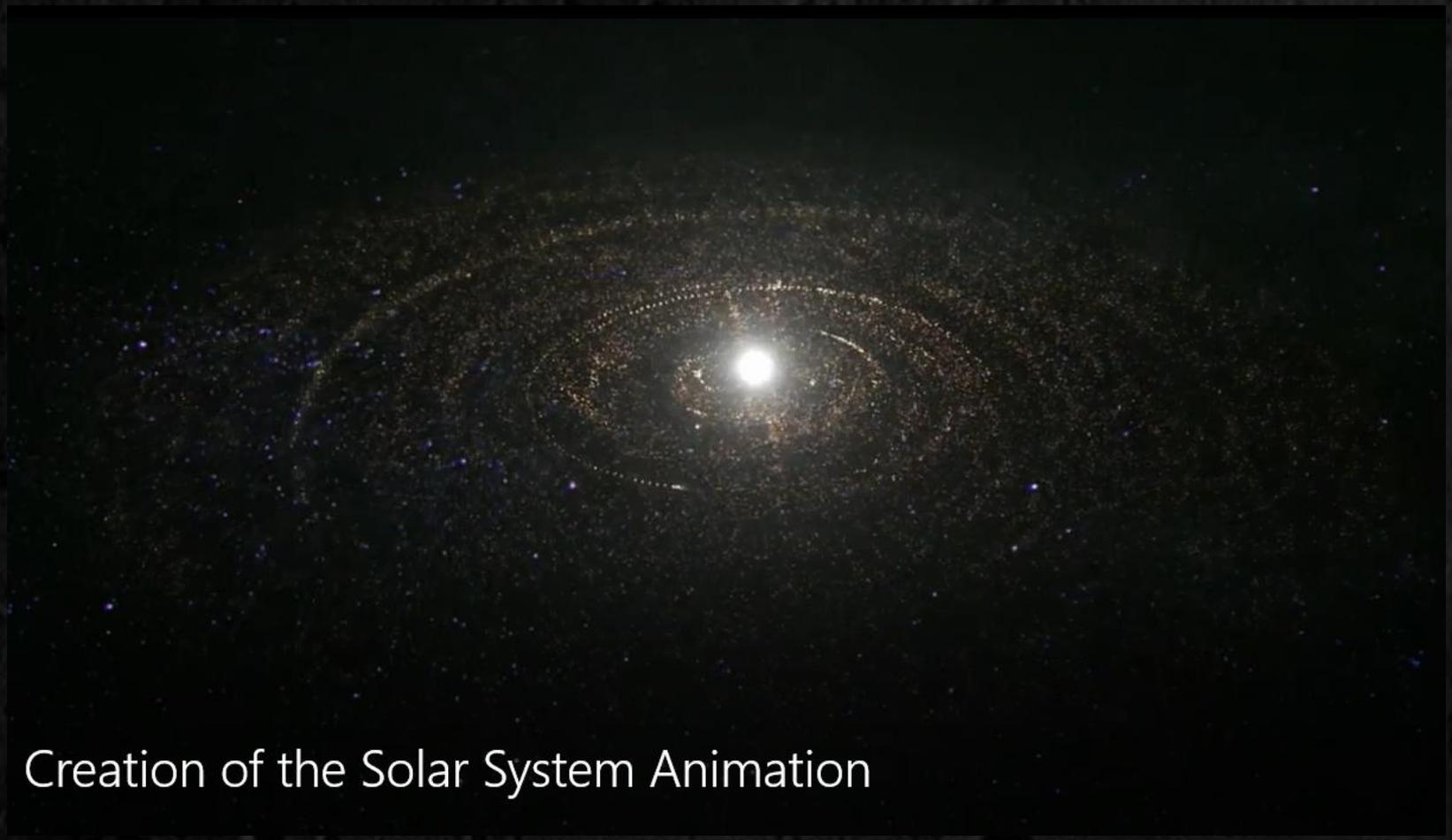
- Depois disso: 1 asteroide novo/ano.
- 1891: Max Wolf – 248 asteroides com astrofotografia.
- Hoje: 779.736 asteroides catalogados

- Depois disso: 1 asteroide novo/ano.
- 1891: Max Wolf – 248 asteroides com astrofotografia.
- Hoje: 779.736 asteroides catalogados



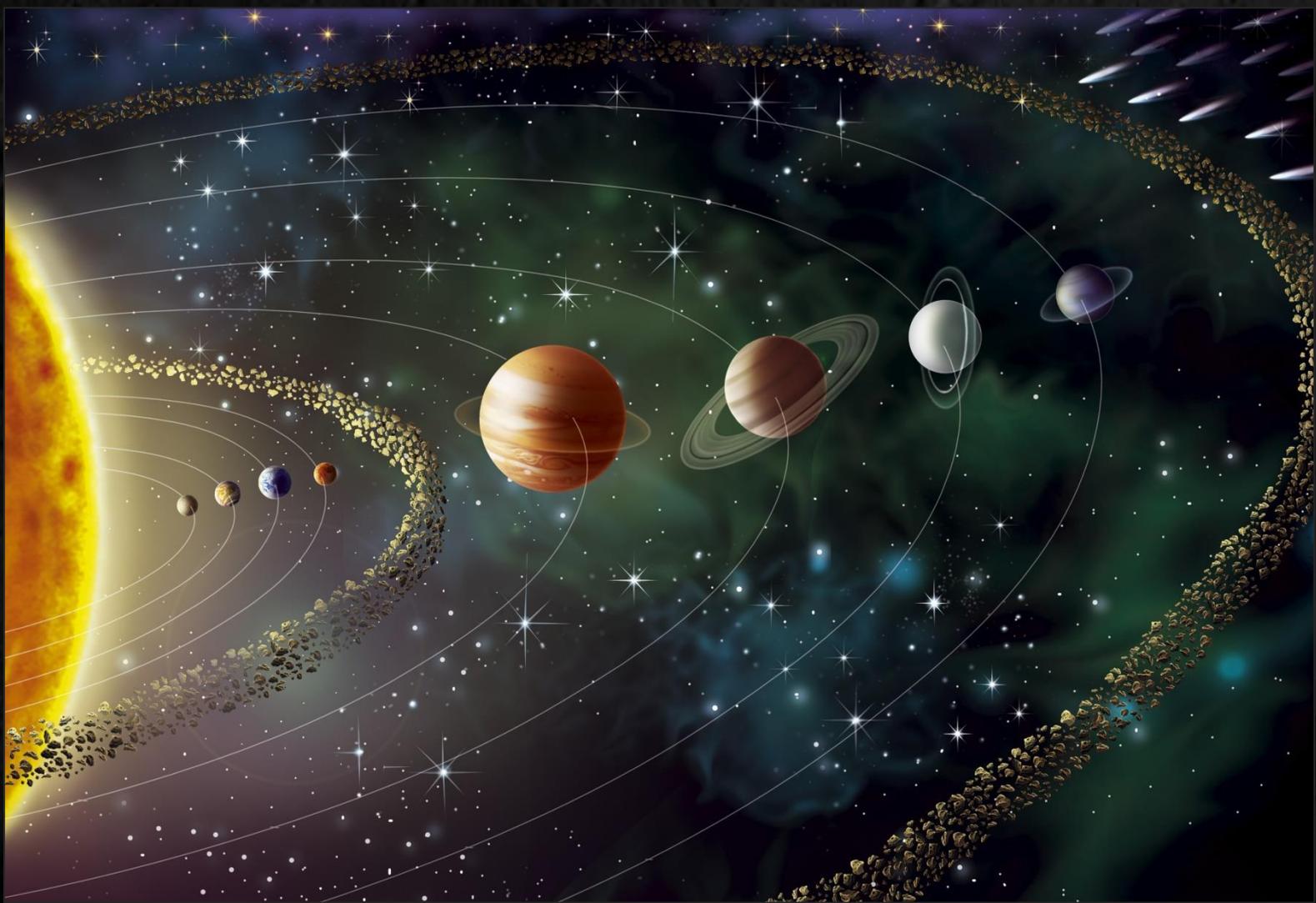
Asteroide Juno
Créditos: Andreas H. Wolf

Como se formaram?

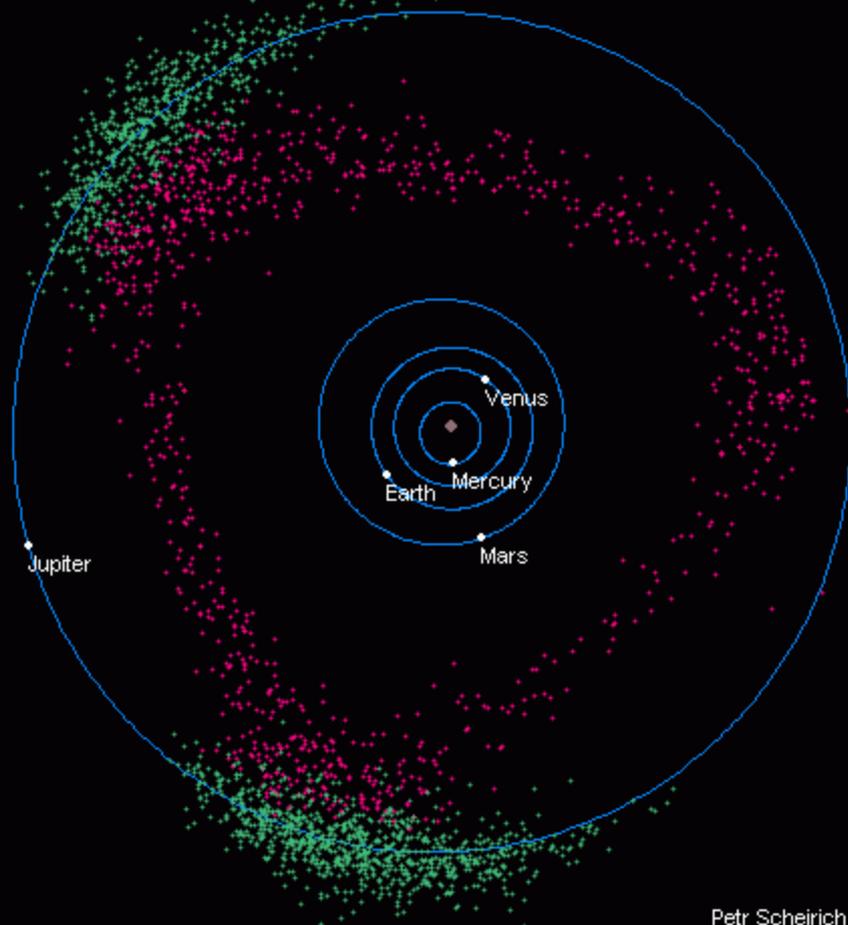


Creation of the Solar System Animation

Onde vivem?



Date: 2005/04/27



Petr Scheirich, 2005

Tamanho e massa



Ceres



Pallas



Juno



Vesta



Astraea



Hebe



Iris



Flora



Metis



Hygiea

1000 km



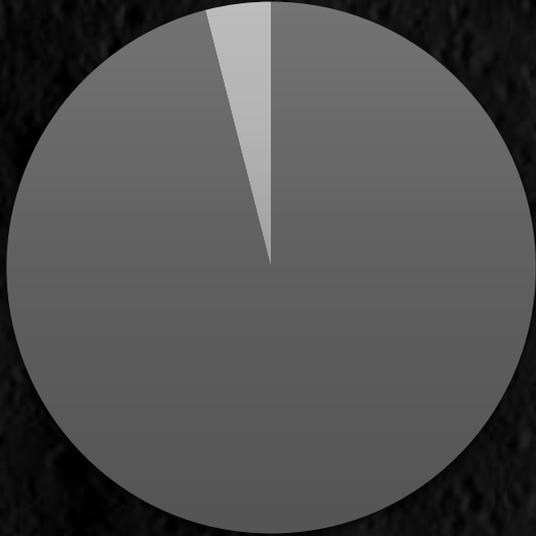
Cinturão de asteroides: 3×10^{21} kg

Cinturão de asteroides: 3×10^{21} kg



4% da massa da Lua

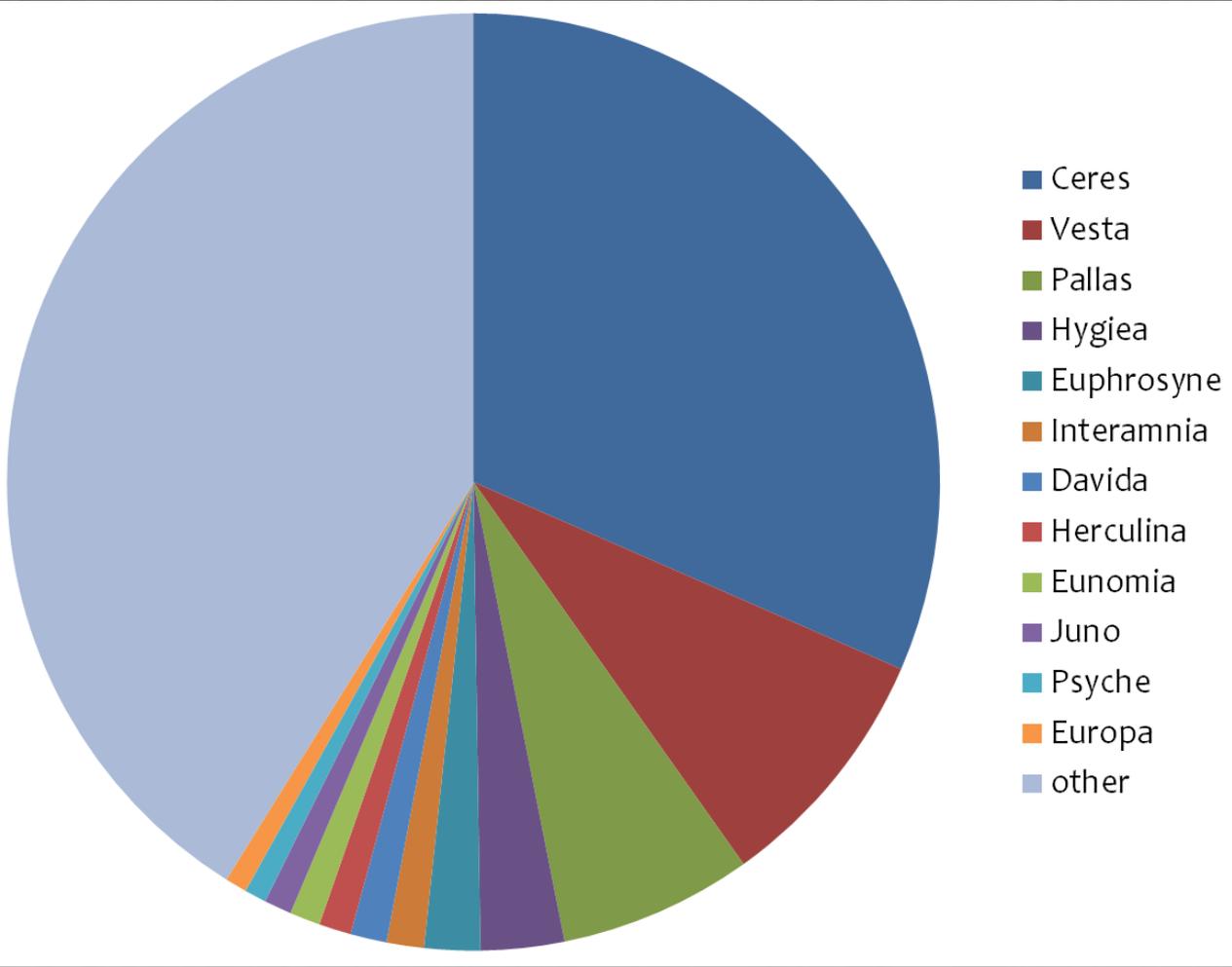
Cinturão de asteróides: 3×10^{21} kg



4% da massa da Lua



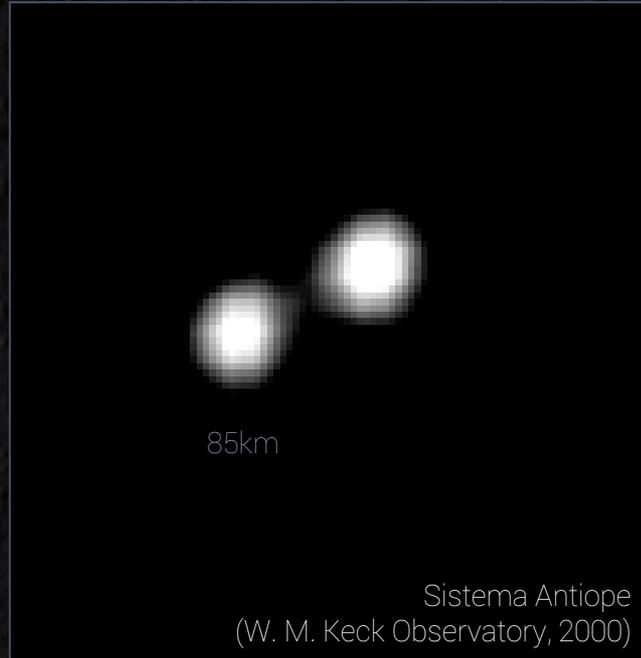
10 quatrilhões de An-225 Mriya



Asteroides legais

90 Antiope

O asteroide binário

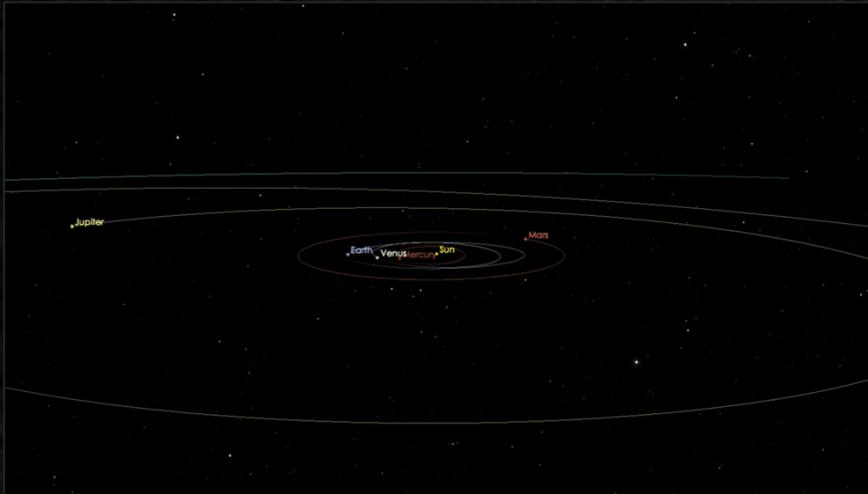


Descoberta: 1866

Sistema binário: 2000

1 I/'Oumuamua

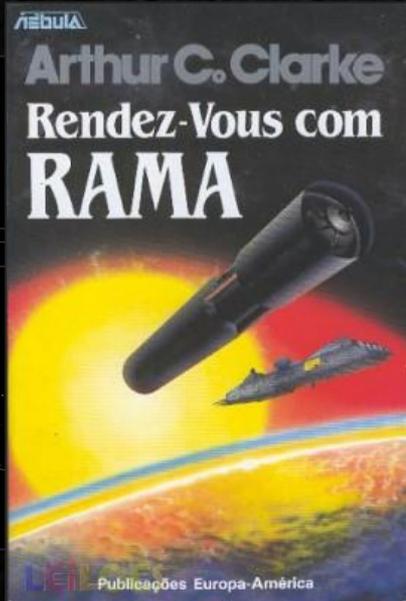
“O primeiro mensageiro de longe”



Descoberta: 2017

1 I/'Oumuamua

“O primeiro mensageiro de longe”



Concepção artística
(ESO)

230m

Descoberta: 2017

243 Ida

O primeiro com satélite natural



Ida: 1884
Dactyl: 1993



87 Sylvia

O primeiro com dois satélites naturais



Densidade: $1,2\text{g/cm}^3$

10199 Chariklo

O asteroide com anéis

Chariklo: 1997

Anéis: 2014



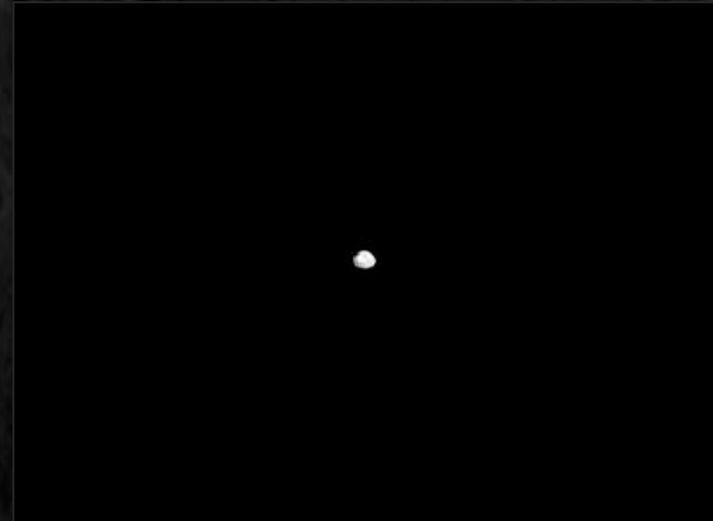
Exploração

Galileo

(NASA/1989-2003)



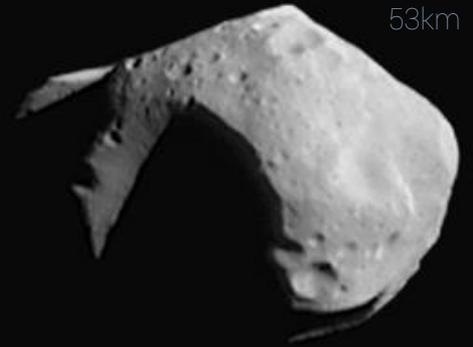
1991
Flyby Gaspra



1993
Flyby Ida

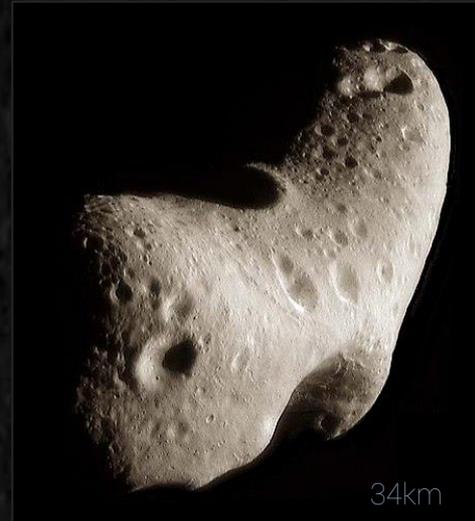
NEAR Shoemaker

(NASA/1996-2001)



53km

1997
Flyby Mathilde



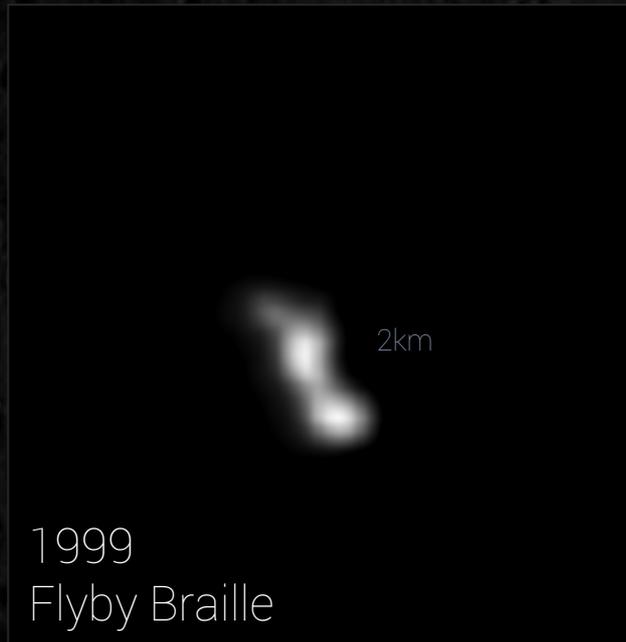
34km

1998-2001
Flyby, órbita e pouso em Eros



Deep Space 1

(NASA/1998-2001)



1999

Flyby Braille

Stardust

(NASA/1999-2011)

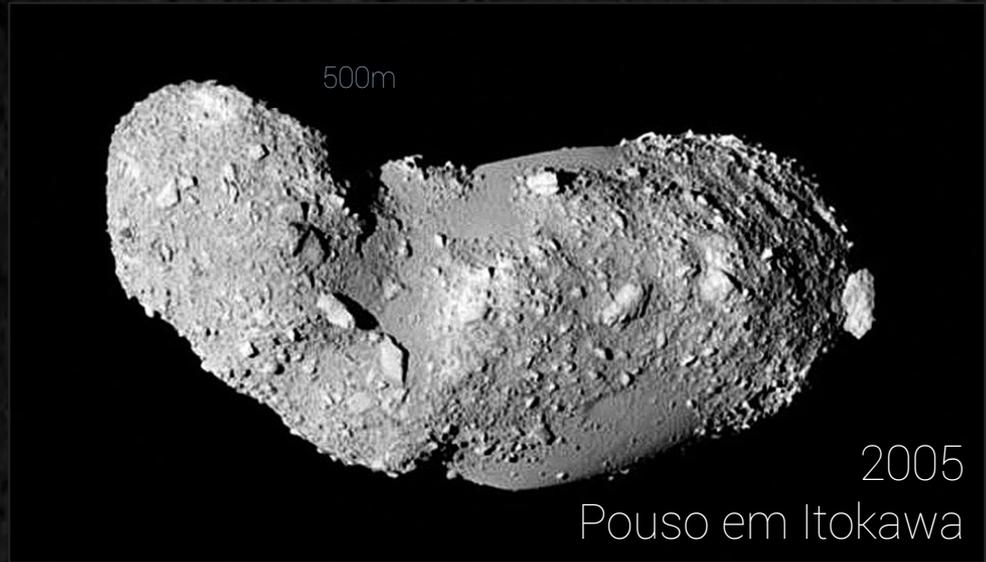


2002

Flyby Annefrank

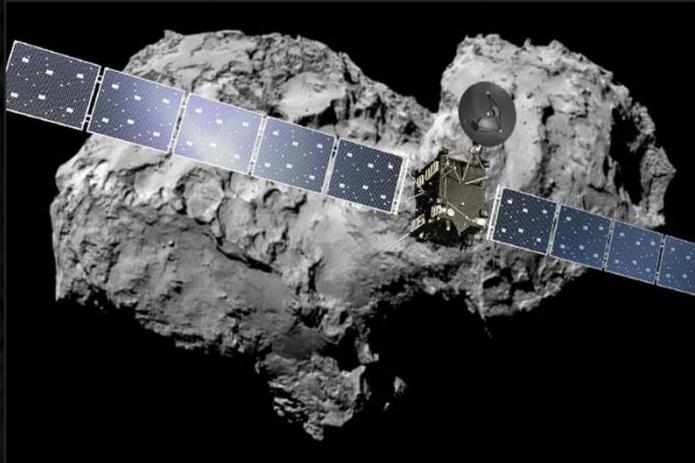
Hayabusa

(JAXA/2003-2010)

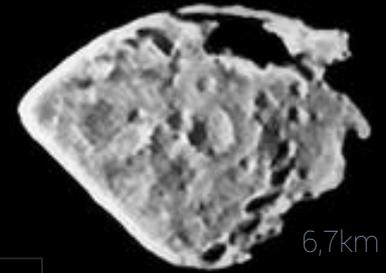


Rosetta

(ESA/2004-2016)

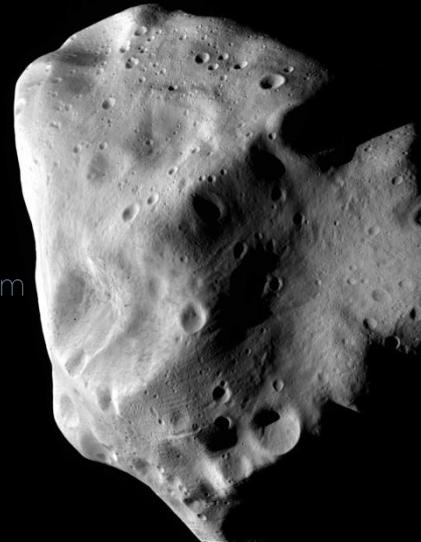


2008
Flyby Steins



6,7km

121km



2010
Flyby Lutetia

Chang'e-2

(CNSA/2010-?)



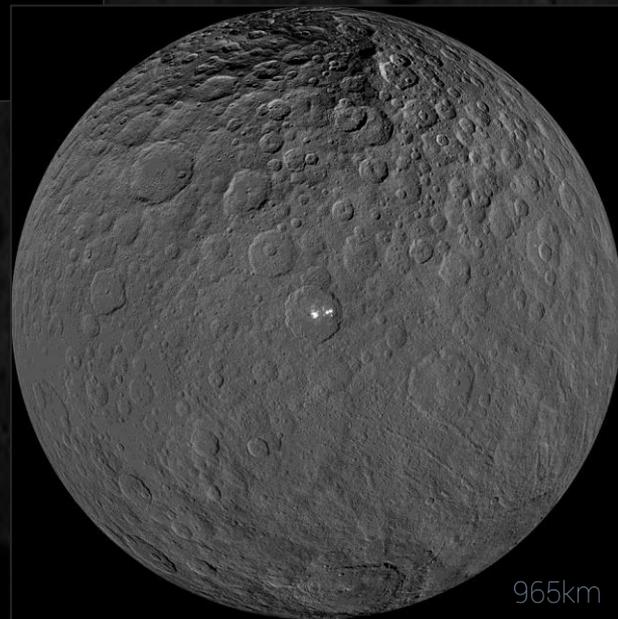
Dawn

(NASA/2007-?)



2011-2012
Órbita em Vesta

570km



2015-?
Órbita em Ceres

965km

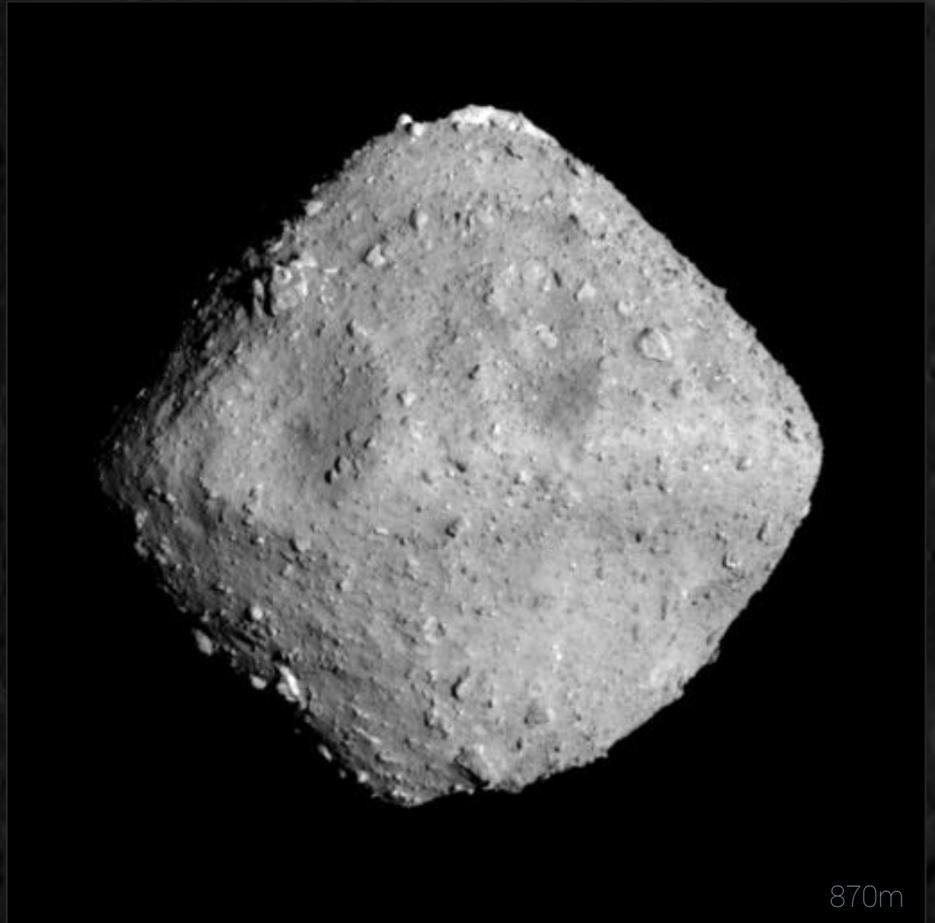
Hayabusa 2

(JAXA/2014-?)



28/06/2018

Aproximando-se de Ryugu



870m



Tweets
257

Following
12

Followers
11.2K

Likes
125

Following

haya2kun

@haya2kun

『はやッー君』は小惑星探査機「はやぶさ2 @haya2_jaxa」のマスコットキャラクターです。はやッー君と一緒に太陽系の旅を楽しみましょう。

Tweets

Tweets & replies

Media



haya2kun @haya2kun · Jun 28

Rise and shine @MASCOT2018 ! It's a new day and we have arrived at #Ryugu! Take a look... #hayabusa2

Who to follow · Refresh · View all



小惑星探査機「はやぶさ2...」 ×

Follow

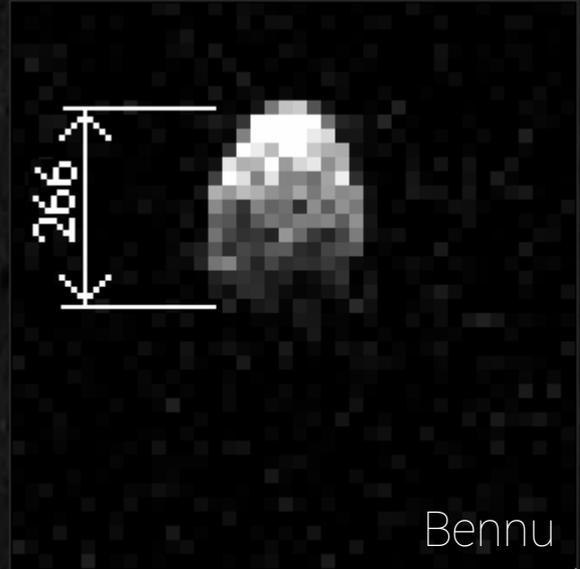


国立天文台 @prcnaoj ×

Follow

OSIRIS-Rex

(NASA/2016-?)

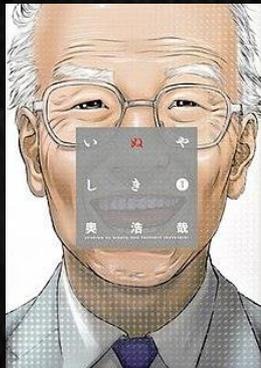
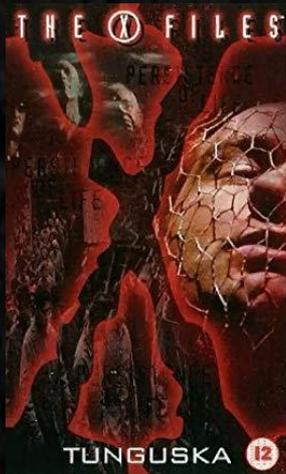


Momento de tensão

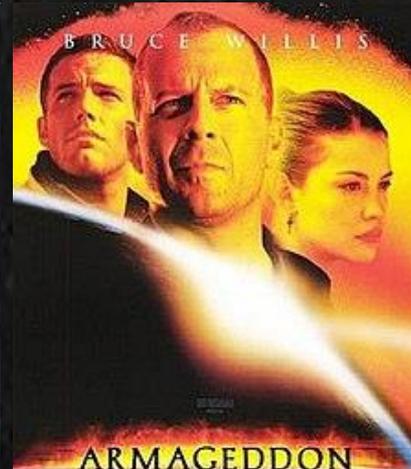
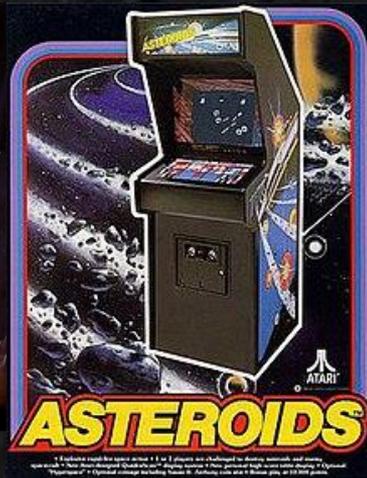
2007: "Asteróide Pallas poderá se chocar com a Terra"



Asteroides na ficção

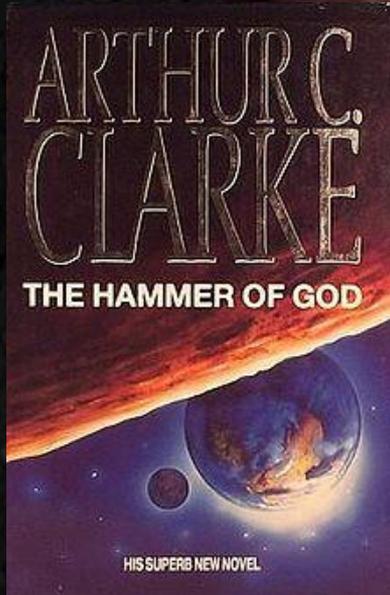


THE DIG

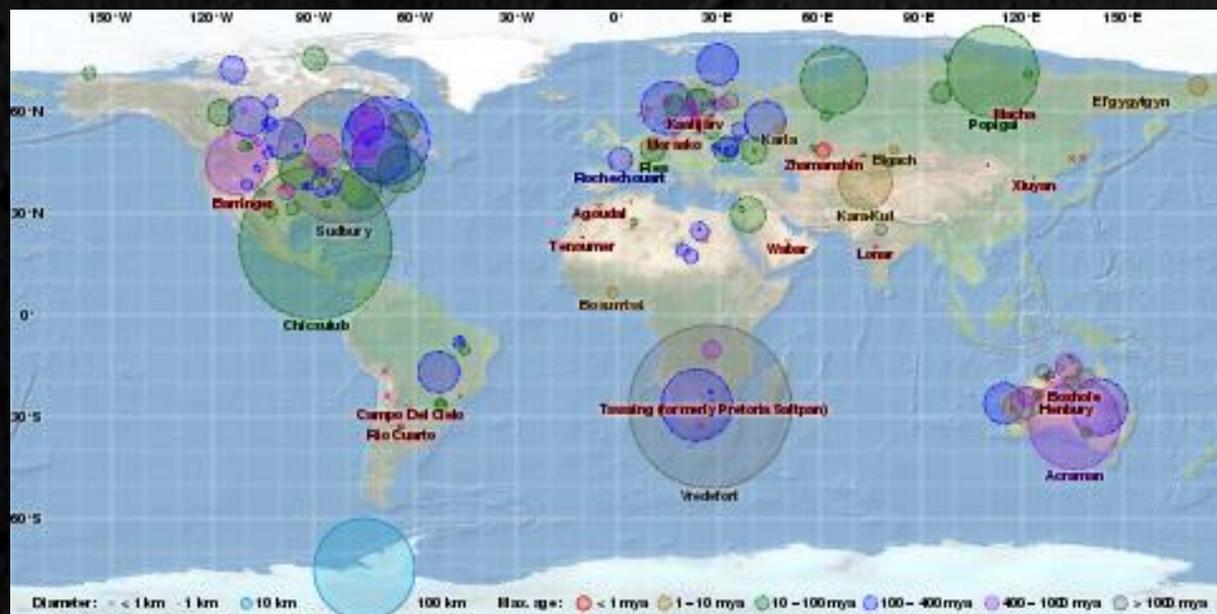


Marooned Off Vesta

Isaac Asimov



Pode cair um na Terra?



Cratera de Barringer

Local: Arizona/USA

Diâmetro: 1,2 km

Profundidade: 170 m

Borda: 45 m

Idade: 50 mil anos

Meteoroide: 50 m

Energia: 50 megaton
(17 x WWII)



Tunguska

Local: Sibéria/RUS

Diâmetro: 40 km

Idade: 30/06/1908

Meteoroide: 60 m

Energia: 1000xHiroshima



Chicxulub

Local: Yucatán/MEX

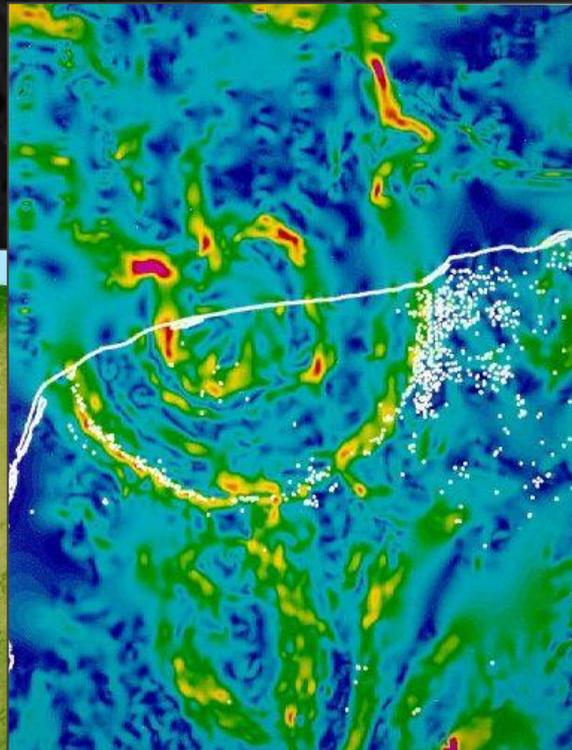
Diâmetro: 180 km

Profundidade: 1 km

Idade: 65 milhões de anos

Meteoroide: 10 km

Energia: 8bi x Hiroshima



Chicxulub

Local: Yucatán/MEX

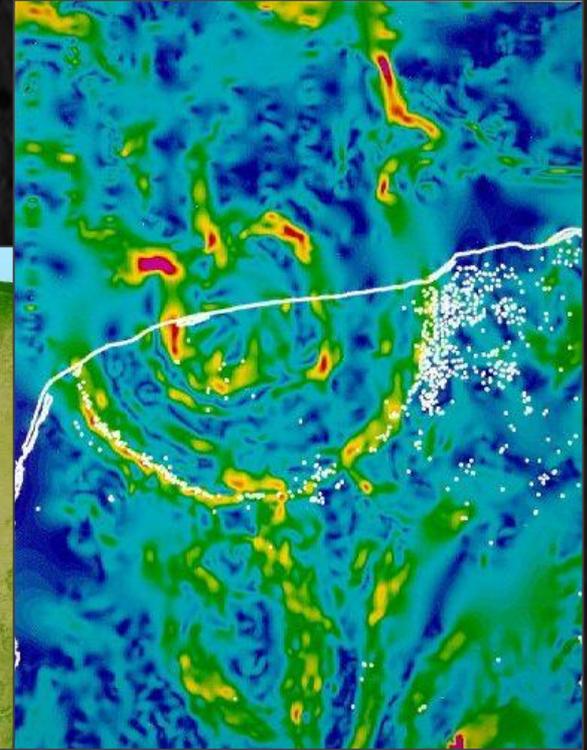
Diâmetro: 180 km

Profundidade: 1 km

Idade: 65 milhões de anos

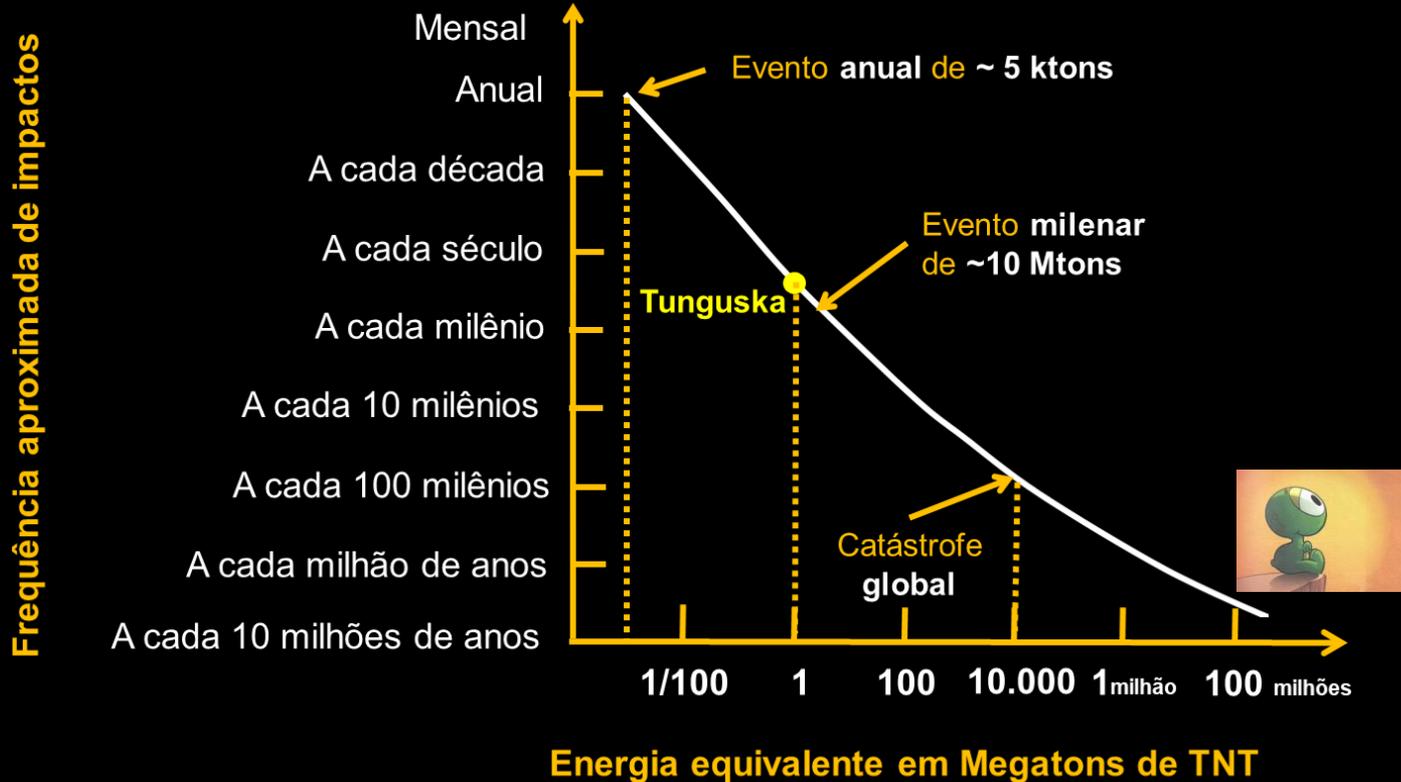
Meteoroide: 10 km

Energia: 8bi x Hiroshima



sula

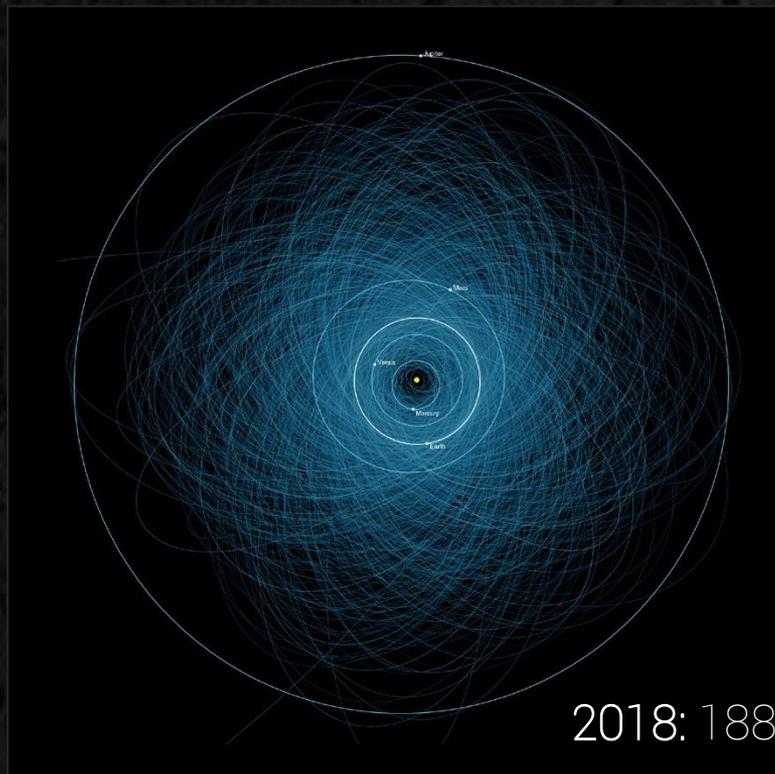
frequência de impactos (estim.)

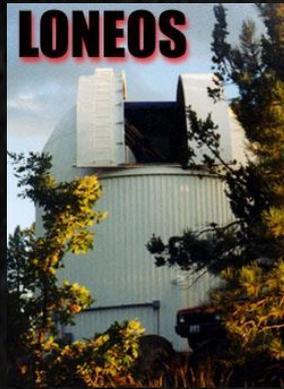


E agora?

Objeto Potencialmente Perigoso (PHO)

19,5 Lua-Terra
Magnitude absoluta: 22 ou menos





Sentinel Mission



The Spaceguard Central Node
Nec cum fiducia inveniendi

Nec sine spe

UA SCIENCE
**LUNAR & PLANETARY
LABORATORY**

SPACEWATCH®

A.D.A.S.
Asiago - DLR Asteroid Survey



The International Astronomical Union
Minor Planet Center



atlas



NATIONAL NEAR-EARTH OBJECT PREPAREDNESS STRATEGY AND ACTION PLAN

A Report by the
INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP FOR DETECTING AND MITIGATING
THE IMPACT OF EARTH-BOUND NEAR-EARTH OBJECTS

of the
NATIONAL SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL

JUNE 2018

- Melhorar a descoberta e acompanhamento de PHOs.
- Melhorar a simulação de impactos.
- Tecnologias para desvio e destruição de PHOs.
- Aumentar as colaborações internacionais.
- Rotina de procedimentos de emergência.

Referências

<https://www.pbslearningmedia.org/asset/482216739-earth-space/>
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dawn_\(spacecraft\)#/media/File:Vesta_Full-Frame.jpg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dawn_(spacecraft)#/media/File:Vesta_Full-Frame.jpg)
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asteroids_in_fiction
<http://www.passc.net/EarthImpactDatabase/index.html>
<https://www.minorplanetcenter.net/>
<https://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap071114.html>
<https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=8>
<https://www.lpi.usra.edu/science/kring/Chicxulub/discovery/>
<https://www.minorplanetcenter.net/iau/Dangerous.html>
<https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/spaceimages/details.php?id=PIA17041>
<https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/National-Near-Earth-Object-Preparedness-Strategy-and-Action-Plan-23-pages-1MB.pdf>
<https://cneos.jpl.nasa.gov/sentry/intro.html>
<https://neocam.ipac.caltech.edu/>
<http://sentinelmission.org/>
<https://neat.jpl.nasa.gov/>

<https://messageirosideral.blogfolha.uol.com.br/2018/06/25/eua-formulam-plano-contra-impacto-de-asteroide/>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_lORzs90Ril

Formação do Sistema Solar: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Rg9v3J0liU>

Objetos Próximos da Terra: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0Z3nzKcBfeI>

Asteroides na ficção: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asteroids_in_fiction

Google Maps das crateras de impacto: <http://impact.scaredycatfilms.com/>

ASTEROIDS

...are nature's way of asking:



“How’s that space
program coming along?”